

Little's result

$\mathcal{L}(A)$

$$N(t) = A(t) - D(t)$$

$$\int_0^t N(t) = \underbrace{\sum_{k=1}^{D(t)} T_k \cdot 1}_{\text{already served}} + \underbrace{\sum_{k=D(t)+1}^{A(t)} (t - t_k) \cdot 1}_{\text{waiting or under service}} \cdot \frac{L}{t} = \frac{A(t)}{A(t)}$$

$$\frac{1}{t} \int_0^t N(t) = \frac{A(t)}{t} \left[ \sum \dots + \sum \dots \right] \cdot \frac{1}{A(t)}$$

sum of all system times

$t \rightarrow \infty$

$$N = \lambda \cdot T$$

PASTA for  $M/\infty/\infty$  queuing systems

- For poisson arrival we know:  $P[A(t, t+\Delta t) | N(t)=k] = P[A(t, t+\Delta t)]$   
 Arrivals are independent from the system state.

$$\begin{aligned} a_k(t) &= \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} P[N(t) = k | A(t, t+\Delta t)] \\ &= \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{P[N(t) = k, A(t, t+\Delta t)]}{P[A(t, t+\Delta t)]} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{P[A(t, t+\Delta t) | N(t) = k] P(N(t) = k)}{P[A(t, t+\Delta t)]} \\ &= P[N(t) = k] = p_k(t) \end{aligned}$$

In stable state  $p_k(t) \rightarrow p_k$

$$a_k = p_k$$