



Quality and sources of error

Convergence



- Steady state problem
 - Residual vanishes
 - Forces levels out
 - Flow field does not change
- If oscillations
 - Problem **might be** unsteady
 - Do time accurate computation
- Time dependent computations
 - Estimate time scales ($\sim L/U$)
 - Implicit or explicit in time – subiterations
 - Might become steady

Grid



- Grid convergence studies
 - Compare solutions on different grid levels (3 grids needed)
 - Manually generated e.g. with $\Delta \sim 1.5, 1, 0.7$
 - Grid adaption
- y^+ in first grid points
 - Check requirements depending on
 - turbulence model and
 - boundary conditions
 - Verify by plotting y^+
- Resolution of gradients
 - Look carefully at the solution
 - identify the different gradients

Geometry



- Resolution of details
 - Wing trailing edge
 - Junctions
 - Small holes, screws et.c.
- wind tunnel effects
 - Blockage
 - 3D effects
 - wall effects
 - “free stream” conditions

Physical model



- Flow assumptions:
 - Viscous – inviscid
 - Compressibility
 - Turbulence & transition
 - Other flow physics
- Turbulence model
 - Critical if flow contain
 - boundary layer separation from smooth surfaces
 - rotation and swirl
 - Check sensitivity by computing with other models

Numerical scheme



- Check influence of scheme
 - at least 2nd order scheme
 - 1st order upwind used to be default in Fluent – now (14.x) 2nd order
- Sensitivity of scheme decreases on finer grids
 - A 1st order scheme might need more than 10 times the number of grid points compared to a 2nd order scheme.
- Check convergence rate:
 - Residuals reduced at least 5 decades (**not universal**)
 - Do more iterations and compare solution.
 - 3 decade reduction is default in Fluent - must be changed !!!