

1. Basic concepts

$$N_c = -\frac{[\ln R_1 R_2 + 2 \ln(1 - L_i)]}{2\sigma l} \quad (1.2.3)$$

$$\gamma_1 = -\ln R_1 = -\ln(1 - T_1) \quad (1.2.4a)$$

$$\gamma_2 = -\ln R_2 = -\ln(1 - T_2) \quad (1.2.4b)$$

$$\gamma_i = -\ln(1 - L_i) \quad (1.2.4c)$$

$$N_c = \frac{\gamma}{\sigma l} \quad (1.2.5)$$

$$\gamma = \gamma_i + \frac{(\gamma_1 + \gamma_2)}{2} \quad (1.2.6)$$

2. Electromagnetic-wave-atom and ion interaction

$$\rho_v = \frac{8\pi v^2}{c_n^3} \frac{hv}{\exp(hv/kT) - 1} \quad (2.2.22) \quad \tau_{sp} = \frac{3h\varepsilon_0 c^3}{16\pi^3 v_0^3 n |\mu|^2} \quad (2.3.15)$$

$$A = \frac{16\pi^3 v_0^3 n |\mu|^2}{3h\varepsilon_0 c^3} \quad (2.3.19)$$

$$g(v - v_0) = \frac{2}{\pi \Delta v_0} \frac{1}{1 + [2(v - v_0)/\Delta v_0]^2} \quad (2.4.8) \quad g(0) = \frac{2}{\pi \Delta v_0} = \frac{0.637}{\Delta v_0} \quad (2.4.9b)$$

$$W_{12}^{sa} = \frac{2\pi^2}{3n\varepsilon_0 ch^2} |\mu_{21}|^2 I g(v - v_0) \quad (2.4.11)$$

$$I = \frac{c\rho}{n} \quad (2.4.10)$$

$$\sigma_h = \frac{2\pi^2}{3n\varepsilon_0 ch} |\mu|^2 v g(v - v_0) \quad (2.4.18)$$

$$f_{2j} = \frac{g_{2j} \exp[-(E_{2j}/kT)]}{\sum_m g_{2m} \exp[-(E_{2m}/kT)]} \quad (2.7.16a)$$

$$g^*(v'_0 - v_0) = \frac{2}{\Delta v_0^*} \left(\frac{\ln 2}{\pi} \right)^{1/2} \exp - \left[\frac{4(v'_0 - v_0)^2}{\Delta v_0^{*2}} \ln 2 \right] \quad (2.4.24)$$

$$f_{1i} = \frac{g_{1i} \exp[-(E_{1i}/kT)]}{\sum_l g_{1l} \exp[-(E_{1l}/kT)]} \quad (2.7.16b)$$

$$\sigma_{in} = \frac{2\pi^2}{3n\varepsilon_0 ch} |\mu|^2 v g_t(v - v_0) \quad (2.4.25)$$

$$g_t = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} g^*(x) g[(v - v_0) - x] dx \quad (2.4.26) \quad \sigma_{ml}^e = \frac{W_{ml}^e}{F} = f_{2m} \sigma_{ml} \quad (2.7.21a)$$

$$\sigma_{lm}^a = \frac{W_{lm}^a}{F} = f_{1l} \sigma_{lm} \quad (2.7.21b)$$

$$g = \sigma(N_2 - N_1) \quad (2.4.35)$$

$$\Delta v_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi\tau_{sp}} \quad (2.5.13) \quad \frac{A}{B} = \frac{8\pi h v_0^2 n^3}{c^3} \quad (2.4.42)$$

$$g^*(v'_0 - v_0) = \frac{1}{v_0} \left(\frac{Mc^2}{2\pi kT} \right)^{1/2} \exp - \left[\frac{Mc^2 (v'_0 - v_0)^2}{2kT v_0^2} \right] \quad (2.5.17)$$

$$\Delta v_0^* = 2v_0 \left(\frac{2kT \ln 2}{Mc^2} \right)^{1/2} \quad (2.5.18)$$

$$\frac{1}{\tau} = \frac{1}{\tau_r} + \frac{1}{\tau_{nr}} \quad (2.6.18) \quad \phi = \frac{\int (P(t)/hv_0) dt}{N_2(0)V} = \frac{\tau}{\tau_r} \quad (2.6.22)$$

$$I_s = \frac{h\nu}{2\sigma\tau}$$

(2.8.11)

$$\alpha = \frac{\alpha_0}{1 + (I/I_s)}$$

(2.8.12)

$$\Gamma_s = \frac{h\nu}{2\sigma}$$

(2.8.17)

$$g = \frac{g_0}{1 + (I/I_s)}$$

(2.8.25)

$$g = g_0 \exp\{-[\Gamma(t)/\Gamma_s]\}$$

(2.8.30)

$$I_s = \frac{h\nu}{\sigma\tau}$$

(2.8.24)

3. Interactions with molecules and solids

$$E_r = BJ(J+1)$$

$$B = \frac{\hbar}{2I}$$

(3.1.7)

$$(2J+1)_m = \left(\frac{2kT}{B}\right)^{1/2}$$

(3.1.10)

$$f_c(E_c) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp[(E_c - E_{F_c})/kT]}$$

(3.2.10a)

$$f_v(E_v) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp[(E_{F_v} - E_v)/kT]}$$

(3.2.10b)

$$g = \alpha_0 [f_c(E'_2) - f_v(E'_1)]$$

(3.2.37)

$$E'_2 - E'_1 < E'_{F_c} - E'_{F_v}$$

(3.2.38)

$$E_g \leq h\nu \leq E'_{F_c} - E'_{F_v}$$

(3.2.39)

$$g = \sigma(N - N_{tr})$$

(3.2.39)

4. Ray and wave propagation

$$\begin{vmatrix} r_2 \\ r'_2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} r_1 \\ r'_1 \end{vmatrix}$$

(4.2.2)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{f} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E_t = E_0 e^{i\phi'} \frac{t_1 t_2}{1 - (r_1 r_2) \exp(2j\phi)} \quad (4.5.4)$$

(4.5.4)

$$T = \frac{t_1^2 t_2^2}{1 - 2r_1 r_2 \cos(2\phi) + r_1^2 r_2^2}$$

(4.5.5)

$$F = \frac{\pi(R_1 R_2)^{1/4}}{1 - (R_1 R_2)^{1/2}}$$

(4.5.14a)

$$\Delta v_m = \frac{\Delta v_{fsr}}{F}$$

(4.5.17)

$$u(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{A + (B/q_1)} \exp\left[-jk\left(\frac{x^2 + y^2}{2q}\right)\right]$$

(4.7.3)

$$q = \frac{Aq_1 + B}{Cq_1 + D}$$

(4.7.4)

$$\frac{1}{q} = \frac{1}{R} - j\left(\frac{\lambda}{\pi w^2}\right)$$

(4.7.8)

$$w^2(z) = w_0^2 \left[1 + \left(\frac{\lambda z}{\pi w_0^2} \right)^2 \right]$$

(4.7.13a)

$$z_R = \frac{\pi w_0^2}{\lambda}$$

(4.7.16)

$$R(z) = z \left[1 + \left(\frac{\pi w_0^2}{\lambda z} \right)^2 \right]$$

(4.7.13b)

$$\theta_d = \frac{\lambda}{\pi w_0}$$

(4.7.19)

5. Passive optical resonators

$$\tau_c = \frac{L}{c\gamma}$$

(5.3.9)

$$\Delta v = \frac{c}{2L}$$

(5.1.3)

$$\tau_c = -\frac{2L}{c \ln[R_1 R_2 (1 - T_i)^2]}$$

(5.3.7)

$$\Delta v_c = \frac{1}{2\pi\tau_c}$$

(5.3.10)

$$g_1 = 1 - \left(\frac{L}{R_1}\right)$$

(5.4.10a)

$$Q = \frac{v}{\Delta v_c} \quad (5.3.13)$$

$$g_2 = 1 - \left(\frac{L}{R_2}\right)$$

(5.4.10b)

$$0 < g_1 g_2 < 1$$

(5.4.11)

$$N = \frac{a^2}{L\lambda}$$

(5.5.26)

6. Pumping processes

$$\eta_p = \eta_r \eta_t \eta_a \eta_{pq}$$

(6.2.5)

$$\eta_a = [1 - \exp -(\alpha l)]$$

(6.3.11)

$$\langle R_p \rangle = \eta_p \left(\frac{P_p}{hv_p} \right) \frac{2}{\pi(w_0^2 + w_p^2)l}$$

(6.3.12)

$$\eta_p = \eta_r \eta_t \eta_a$$

(7.3.4b)

$$P_{th} = \left(\frac{\gamma}{\eta_p} \right) \left(\frac{hv_p}{\tau} \right) \left[\frac{\pi(w_0^2 + w_p^2)}{2\sigma_e} \right]$$

(6.3.20)

$$P_{th} = \left(\frac{\gamma}{\eta_p} \right) \left(\frac{hv_p}{\tau} \right) \left(\frac{\pi a^2}{\sigma_e \{1 - \exp[-(2a^2/w_0^2)]\}} \right)$$

(6.3.21)

$$P_{th} = \left(\frac{\sigma_a N_t l + \gamma}{\eta_p} \right) \left(\frac{hv_p}{\tau} \right) \left[\frac{\pi(w_0^2 + w_p^2)}{2(\sigma_e + \sigma_a)} \right]$$

(6.3.25)

$$L_e = L + (n - 1)l$$

(7.2.11)

$$\tau_c = \frac{L_e}{\gamma c}$$

(7.2.14)

$$V = \left(\frac{L_e}{L} \right) V_a$$

(7.2.15)

$$P_{out} = \left(\frac{\gamma_2 c}{2L_e} \right) (hv) \phi$$

(7.2.18)

$$R_{cp} = \frac{N_c}{\tau} = \left(\frac{\gamma}{\sigma l \tau} \right)$$

(7.3.3)

$$P_{out} = (A_b I_s) \left(\frac{\gamma_2}{2} \right) \left(\frac{P_p}{P_{th}} - 1 \right)$$

(7.3.9)

$$\eta_s = \frac{A_b h \nu}{\sigma \tau} \frac{\gamma_2}{2} \frac{1}{P_{th}}$$

(7.3.11)

$$P_{th} = \frac{\gamma(1 + B)}{\eta_p} \left(\frac{hv_p}{\tau} \right) \left(\frac{A}{\sigma_e + \sigma_a} \right)$$

(7.4.4)

$$P_{out} = \left[\frac{A_b(1 + B)}{\sigma_e + \sigma_a} \right] \left(\frac{hv}{\tau} \right) \left(\frac{\gamma_2}{2} \right) \left(\frac{P_p}{P_{th}} - 1 \right)$$

(7.4.8)

$$P_{op} = \left[A_b I_s \left(\gamma_i + \frac{\gamma_1}{2} \right) \right] [(x_m)^{1/2} - 1]^2$$

(7.5.6)

8. Transient laser behavior

$$\omega' = \left[\omega^2 - \left(\frac{1}{t_0} \right)^2 \right]^{1/2}$$

(8.2.11)

$$t_0 = \frac{2\tau}{x}$$

(8.2.14)

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = R_p - B\phi N - \frac{N}{\tau}$$

(7.2.16a)

$$\omega = \left[\frac{(x - 1)}{\tau_c \tau} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$x = \frac{R_p}{R_{cp}}$$

(8.2.15)

$$P_p = \frac{\gamma_2}{2} \left(\frac{A_b}{\sigma} \right) \left(\frac{hv}{\tau_c} \right) \left[\frac{N_i}{N_p} - \ln \left(\frac{N_i}{N_p} \right) - 1 \right] \quad (8.4.15) \quad E = \left(\frac{\gamma_2 N_i}{2 N_p} \right) \eta_E \left(\frac{A_b}{\sigma} \right) h v$$

(8.4.20)

$$\tau_d = \frac{\tau_c}{x-1} \ln(\phi_p/10) \quad (8.4.23)$$

$$\Delta\tau_p = \frac{2 \ln 2}{\pi \Delta v_L} = \frac{0.441}{\Delta v_L} \quad (8.6.12)$$

$$\Delta\tau_p \cong \frac{0.45}{(v_m \Delta v_0)^{1/2}} \quad (8.6.19)$$

9. Solid state lasers

$$J_{th} = \left(\frac{ed}{\eta_i \tau_r} \right) N_{th} \quad (9.4.3)$$

$$N_{th} = \left(\frac{\gamma}{\sigma L \Gamma} \right) + N_{tr} \quad (9.4.9)$$

11. Properties of laser beams

$$r \cong 0.16 \left(\frac{\lambda z}{d} \right) \quad (11.3.43)$$

$$\theta_d = \frac{1.22\lambda}{D} \quad (11.4.6)$$

$$\theta_{dx} = \frac{W_x(z)}{(z - z_{0x})} = M_x^2 \left(\frac{\lambda}{\pi W_{x0}} \right) \quad (11.4.20)$$

$$d_g \cong 2\delta x = \frac{2\lambda L}{D} \quad (11.5.2)$$

$$d_{ag} = \frac{2\lambda L}{D'} \quad (11.5.4)$$

12. Laser beam transformation, amplification, nonlinear optics

$$\Gamma_s = \left(\frac{hv}{\sigma} \right) \quad (12.3)$$

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{dz} = g\Gamma_s [1 - \exp(-\Gamma/\Gamma_s)] - \alpha\Gamma \quad (12.3.11)$$

$$\Gamma(l) = \Gamma_s \ln \{1 + [\exp(\Gamma_{in}/\Gamma_s) - 1]G_0\} \quad (12.3.12)$$

$$\Gamma(l) = G_0 \Gamma_{in} \quad (12.3.13)$$

$$\Gamma(l) = \Gamma_{in} + gl\Gamma_s \quad (12.3.14)$$

$$\Gamma_s = \frac{hv}{(\sigma_e + \sigma_a)} \quad (12.3.15)$$

$$P_i^{2\omega} = \sum_{j,k=1,2,3} \epsilon_0 d_{ijk}^{2\omega} E_j^\omega E_k^\omega \quad (12.4.14)$$

$$\hbar\omega_3 = \hbar\omega_1 + \hbar\omega_2 \quad (12.4.19a)$$

$$\hbar\mathbf{k}_3 = \hbar\mathbf{k}_1 + \hbar\mathbf{k}_2 \quad (12.4.19b)$$

$$\frac{d|A_1|^2}{dz} = \frac{d|A_2|^2}{dz} = -\frac{d|A_3|^2}{dz} \quad (12.4.35)$$

$$g^2 = \alpha_1 \alpha_2 = 4 \left(\frac{\gamma_1 \gamma_2}{l^2} \right) \quad (12.4.40)$$

$$g^2 = \frac{4\alpha_1}{l} = \frac{8\gamma_1}{l^2} \quad (12.4.44)$$

$$|E'_{2\omega}| = E'_\omega(0) \tanh(z/l_{SH}) \quad (12.4.58a)$$

$$E_m = \frac{\Gamma_d (gl)^2}{g^2} \quad (12.3.19)$$

$$|E'_\omega| = E'_\omega(0) \operatorname{sech}(z/l_{SH}) \quad (12.4.58b)$$